ICM-42607x and ICM-42670x DieID and WaferID Read Procedures

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1 OVERVIEW

The chip ID information is stored in an OTP bank at the time of manufacturing. It consists of a 15-bit DieID, six 6-bit lot ID Characters, 5-bit WaferID, and 6-bit Die Rev.

The ID read procedure will be presented in this document.

2 ID READ PROCEDURE

1. Write 0x10 to register bank0 0x02 (**SIGNAL_PATH_RESET**) to do signal path reset.
2. Write 0x10 to register bank0 0x1F (**PWR_MGMT0**) to set IDEL bit to 1.
3. Enable OTP power (**OTP_PWR_DOWN**=0):
    - Write 0x28 to register bank0 0x7C to set **BLK_SEL_R**.
    - Write 0x06 to register bank0 0x7D to set **MADDR_R**. Register TRIGGER_ST_COPY.
    - Wait 10 µs
    - Read register bank0 0x7E and save the value as otp_pwr for after ID read restore.
    - Write 0x28 to register bank0 0x79 to set **BLK_SEL_W**.
    - Write 0x06 to register bank0 0x7A to set **MADDR_W**. Register **TRIGGER_ST_COPY**
    - Wait 10 µs
    - Write (otp_pwr & 0xFD) to register bank0 0x7B to set **OTP_PWR_DOWN** bit to 0
4. Read out IDs
    - Write 0x23 to register bank0 0x7C to set **BLK_SEL_R**.
    - Write 0xEE to register bank0 0x7D to set **MADDR_R**.
    - Wait 10 µs
    - Repeat read register bank0 0x7E for 11 times. Save the 11 read out data for ID decode.
5. Disable OTP power (**OTP_PWR_DOWN**=1):
    - Write 0x28 to register bank0 0x79 to set **BLK_SEL_W**.
    - Write 0x06 to register bank0 0x7A to set **MADDR_W**.
    - Wait 10 µs
    - Write (otp_pwr) to register bank0 0x7B to restore production trim value
6. Write 0x00 to register bank0 0x79 to clear **BLK_SEL_W**.

3 ID DECODE

The table below lists the ID bit definitions.

IDS	FUNCTION	BIT 7	BIT 6	BIT 5	BIT 4	BIT 3	BIT 2	BIT 1	BIT 0
0	MANU_ID	manu_id[7]	manu_id[6]	manu_id[5]	manu_id[4]	manu_id[3]	manu_id[2]	manu_id[1]	manu_id[0]
1	CHIP_ID	chip_id[7]	chip_id[6]	chip_id[5]	chip_id[4]	chip_id[3]	chip_id[2]	chip_id[1]	chip_id[0]
2	REV_ID	rev_id[7]	rev_id[6]	rev_id[5]	rev_id[4]	rev_id[3]	rev_id[2]	rev_id[1]	rev_id[0]
3	DIE_ID_L	die_id[7]	die_id[6]	die_id[5]	die_id[4]	die_id[3]	die_id[2]	die_id[1]	die_id[0]
4	DIE_ID_H	wp_id[1]	die_id[14]	die_id[13]	die_id[12]	die_id[11]	die_id[10]	die_id[9]	die_id[8]
5	CHAR1	char2[1]	char2[0]	char1[5]	char1[4]	char1[3]	char1[2]	char1[1]	char1[0]
6	CHAR2	char3[3]	char3[2]	char3[1]	char3[0]	char2[5]	char2[4]	char2[3]	char2[2]
7	CHAR3	char4[5]	char4[4]	char4[3]	char4[2]	char4[1]	char4[0]	char3[5]	char3[4]
8	CHAR4	char6[1]	char6[0]	char5[5]	char5[4]	char5[3]	char5[2]	char5[1]	char5[0]
9	CHAR5	waferid[3]	waferid[2]	waferid[1]	waferid[0]	char6[5]	char6[4]	char6[3]	char6[2]
10	DIE_REV	die_rev[5]	die_rev[4]	die_rev[3]	die_rev[2]	die_rev[1]	die_rev[0]	wp_id[0]	waferid[4]

CHAR1~6 have chip lot information. The Char are translated as follow

Char value	Char
0	0
1	1
2	2
.	.
9	9
10	A
11	B
12	C
.	.
15	F
16	G
17	H
.	.
33	X
34	Y
35	Z

4 ID READ EXAMPLE SOFTWARE

The below is an example software code for user reference.

```
void ReadIDs_I2C()
{   uint8_t value[20], i, CHAR[7];
    int dieid, wid, otp_pwr;

    value[0] = 0x10; i2c_master_write_register(Address, 0x02, 1, &value);//signal path reset
    delay_ms(100);
    value[0] = 0x10; i2c_master_write_register(Address, 0x1F, 1, &value);//IDLE=1

    // otp_pwr_down = 0
    value[0] = 0x28; i2c_master_write_register(Address, 0x7C, 1, &value);//BLK_SEL_R = 0x28
    value[0] = 0x06; i2c_master_write_register(Address, 0x7D, 1, &value);//MADDR_R = 0x06
    delay_us(10);
    i2c_master_read_register(Address, 0x7E, 1, &value); otp_pwr = value[0]; //save org value

    value[0] = 0x28; i2c_master_write_register(Address, 0x79, 1, &value);//BLK_SEL_W
    value[0] = 0x06; i2c_master_write_register(Address, 0x7A, 1, &value);//MADDR_W
    delay_us(10);
    value[0] = otp_pwr & 0xFD; i2c_master_write_register(Address, 0x7B, 1, &value); //otp_pwr_down = 0 (bit1)

    //read IDs
    value[0] = 0x23; i2c_master_write_register(Address, 0x7C, 1, &value);//BLK_SEL_R
    value[0] = 0xEE; i2c_master_write_register(Address, 0x7D, 1, &value);//MADDR_R
    delay_us(10);
    for(i=0; i<11;i++){
        i2c_master_read_register(Address, 0x7E, 1, &value[i]);
    }
    value[0] = 0x28; i2c_master_write_register(Address, 0x79, 1, &value);//BLK_SEL_W
    value[0] = 0x06; i2c_master_write_register(Address, 0x7A, 1, &value);//MADDR_W
    delay_us(10);
    value[0] = otp_pwr; i2c_master_write_register(Address, 0x7B, 1, &value); //set back the original value

    value[0] = 0x00; i2c_master_write_register(Address, 0x79, 1, &value);//BLK_SEL_W = 0

    dieid = ((value[4] & 0x7F)<<8) | value[3];
    wid = (value[9]>>4) | ((value[10] & 0x01 )<<4);
    CHAR[1] = value[5] & 0x3F;
    CHAR[2] = ((value[5] & 0xC0)>>6) | ((value[6] & 0x0F)<<2);
    CHAR[3] = ((value[6] & 0xF0)>>4) | ((value[7] & 0x03)<<4);
    CHAR[4] = (value[7] & 0xFC)>>2;
    CHAR[5] = value[8] & 0x3F;
    CHAR[6] = ((value[8] & 0xC0)>>6) | ((value[9] & 0x0F)<<2);
    printf("DIEID= %d, WID= %d, CHAR= %d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%d\r\n", dieid, wid, CHAR[1], CHAR[2], CHAR[3],
CHAR[4], CHAR[5], CHAR[6]);

    }

}
```

5 REVISION HISTORY

REVISION DATE	REVISION	DESCRIPTION
03/23/2021	1.0	Initial Release

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